

APPLYING ANTI-OXIDATION COATING TO THE INSIDE OF ROCKET NOZZLES



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PROBLEM STATEMENT

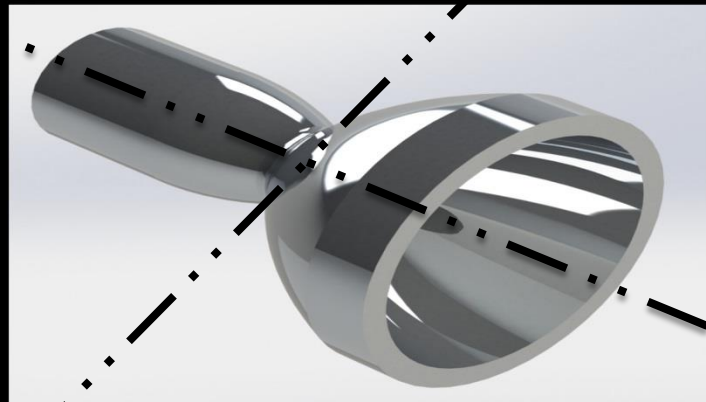
- Design, fabricate and test an apparatus that applies a uniform silicide coating to the inside surface of a niobium based alloy rocket nozzle
 - Apparatus must be able to accommodate a range of nozzle sizes, and address problems that arise from current coating method
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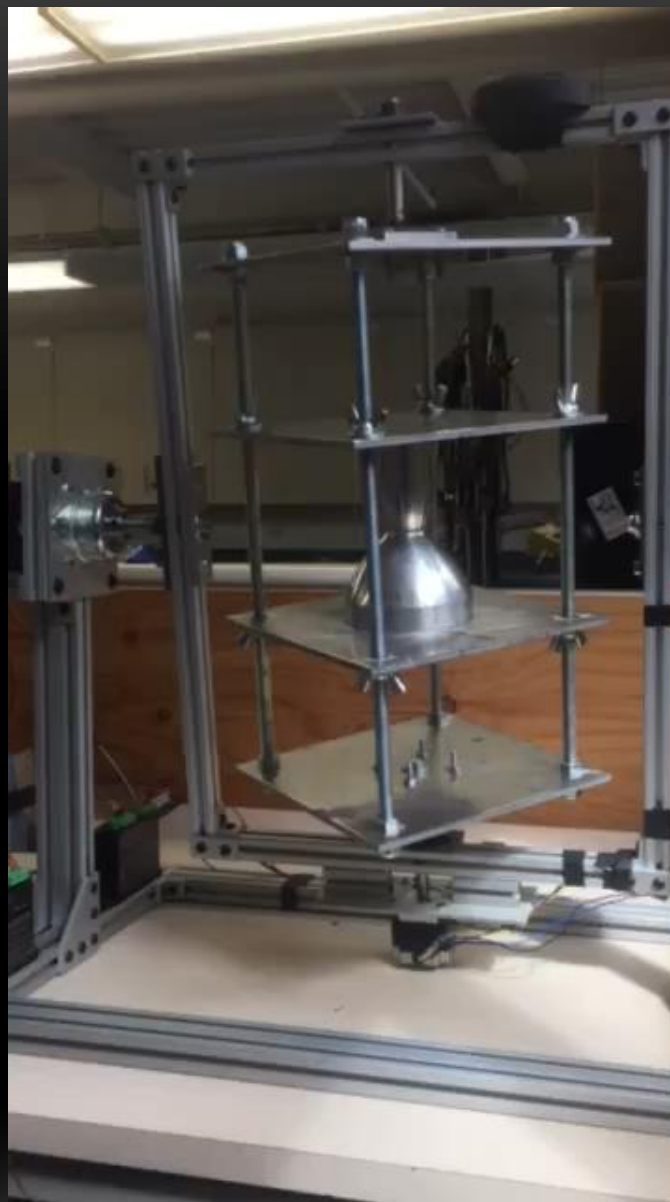
ISSUES WITH DIPPING METHOD

- Currently dipping nozzles into container of slurry with a controlled withdrawal speed
- Problems with dip method
 - Inconsistent coating thickness
 - Causes throat of smallest nozzle to bridge
 - Largest nozzle requires two coats to obtain sufficient thickness – second coat shears

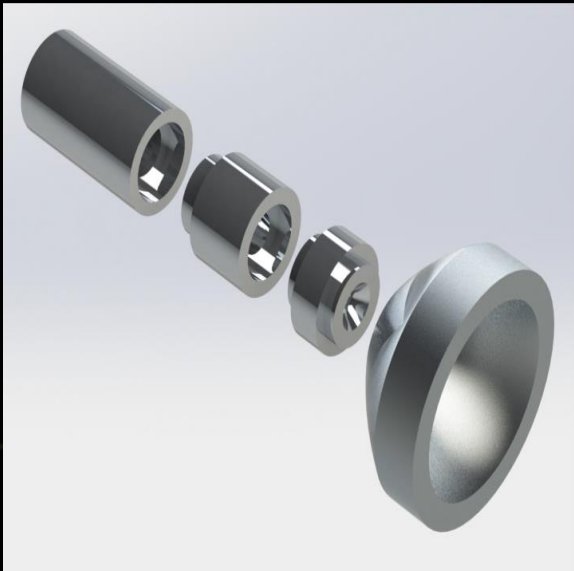
PROPOSED SOLUTION

- An apparatus capable of dual axis rotation
- Continuous rotation about the vertical axis causes slurry to move outward, coating entire inner surface
- Flipping over its horizontal axis eliminates shearing due to gravity and counteracts centrifugal force on conical section
- Rotating while drying prevents unevenness

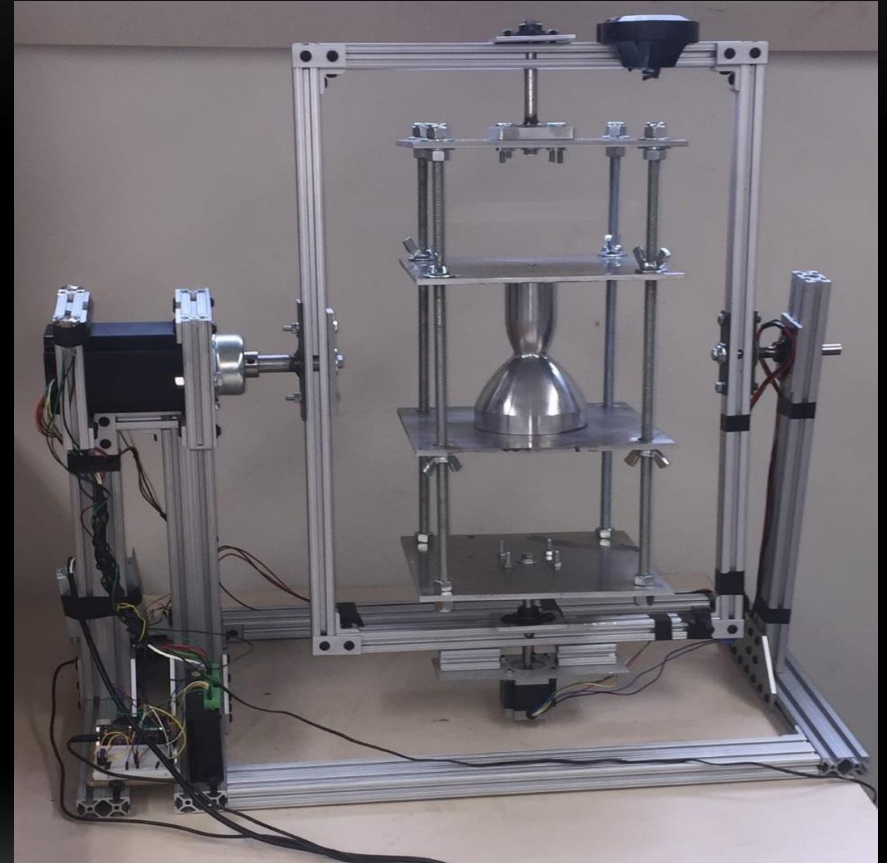
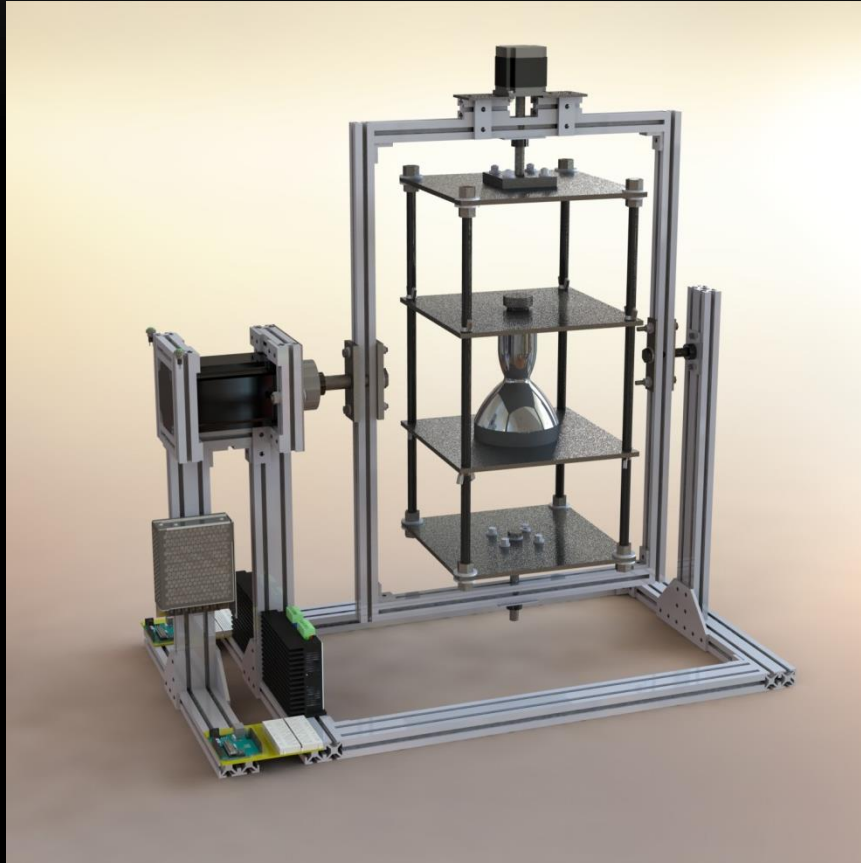




MACHINING OF THE NOZZLES



APPARATUS DESIGN



TRIAL STRUCTURE

- Viscosity tested before each trial
- Testing progression
 - Experimented with variety of methods to determine best practice technique
- Medium Nozzle
 - Speeds remained constant during testing
 - Varied initial slurry volume to determine optimal volume range
 - Experimented with drying cycles to determine sufficient drying time



TRIAL STRUCTURE

- Small Nozzle
 - Experimented with different rotation limits, speeds and testing techniques eliminate bridging at the throat
 - Modified fill method from medium nozzle

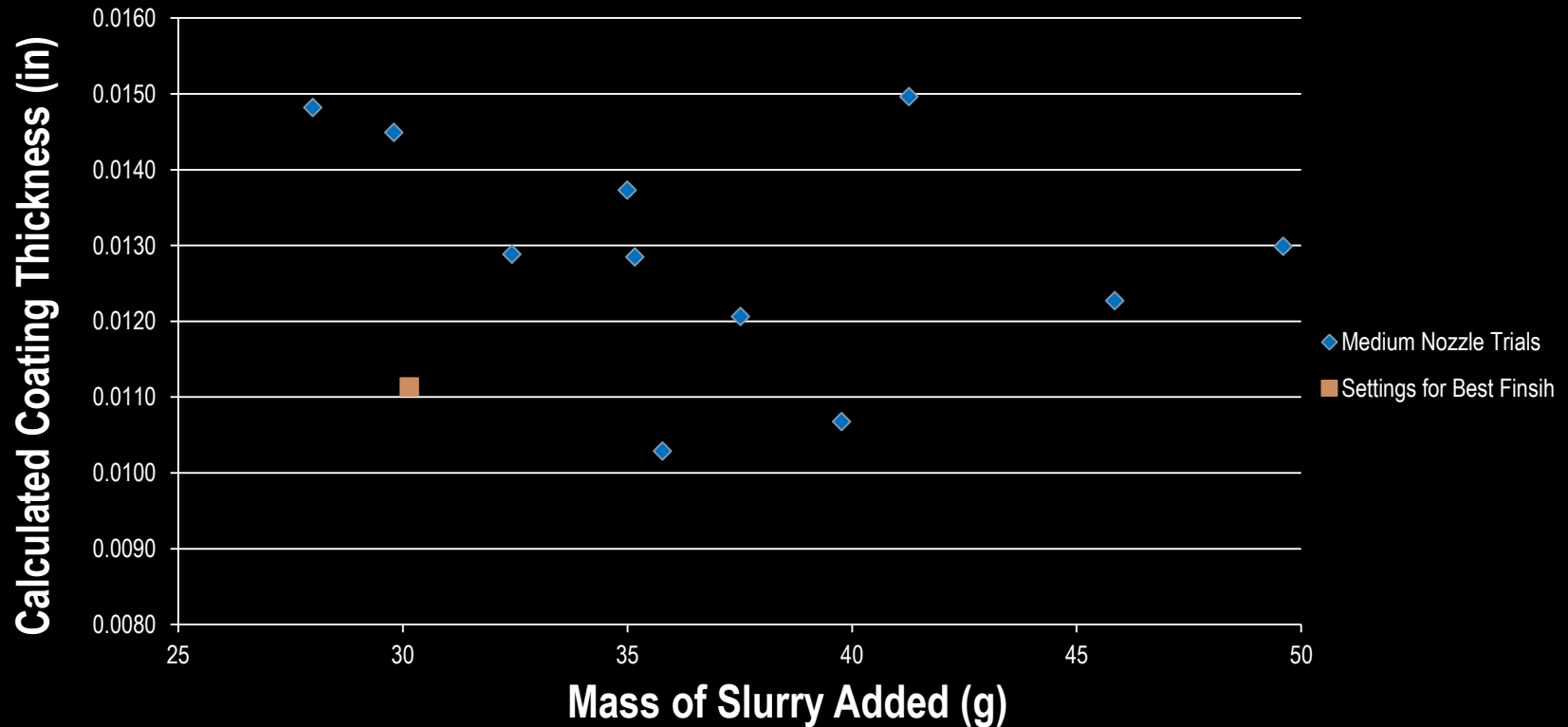


RESULTS

Mass of Slurry vs Calculated Coating Thickness of Medium Nozzle

Vertical Rotation Speed - 11.12 RPM

Horizontal Rotation Speed - 2.29 RPM



RESULTS

- Successful Medium Nozzle Coating



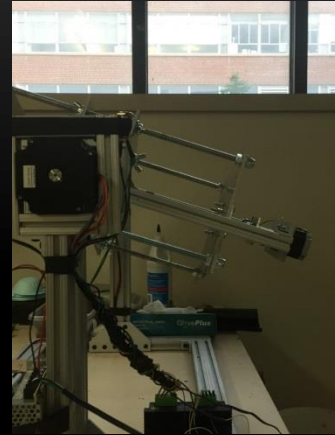
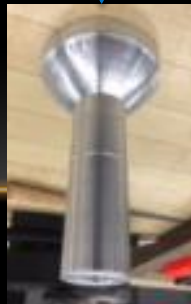
RESULTS

- Small Nozzle
 - Determined bridging only occurs when the conical section is facing down
 - Limited horizontal rotation to roughly 0-100 degrees
 - Determined sufficient drying cycle
 - Successful unbridged nozzle

Bridging occurs



Does not occur



CONCLUSION

- Outcomes
 - Medium coating
 - Known parameters for success
 - Small coating without bridging
 - Discovery of bridging at certain orientation
 - Best practice coating procedure
 - Coating apparatus
 - Variable speed dual axis rotation
 - Accommodates large range of nozzle sizes



FUTURE RESEARCH

- Continued testing with large nozzle to ensure shearing will not occur
- Refine parameters to optimize coating for each nozzle
- Further development of apparatus for consistency and ease of use

